## IN THE CLAIMS

The following is a complete listing of the claims, and replaces all earlier versions and listings.

1. (Previously Presented) A method of inserting a message into digital data representative of physical quantities, the message including ordered symbols, said method comprising the steps of:

segmenting the data into regions; and

associating at least one region with each symbol to be inserted, wherein, for each region into which a symbol in question is to be inserted, said method includes the steps of:

determining a pseudo-random function, from a key which depends on an initial key and on a length of the message, the dependence on the length of the message being provided either by a dependence on a number of times the symbol has been inserted into other regions or by a dependence on a ranking of the symbol among the ordered symbols,

modulating the symbol in question by the previously determined pseudo-random function in order to supply a pseudo-random sequence, and adding the pseudo-random sequence to the region in question.

2. (Previously Presented) A method according to Claim 1, wherein the dependence of the key on the length of the message is provided by a dependence of the key on: the number of times the symbol to be inserted has already been inserted into other regions, and

the ranking of the symbol among the ordered symbols.

- 3. (Previously Presented) A method according to Claim 1 or 2, further comprising the step of transforming the digital data by a reversible transformation.
- 4. (Currently Amended) A method for extracting a message from digital data representative of physical quantities, the message including ordered symbols, said method comprising the steps of:

segmenting the data into regions;

extracting a length of an inserted message, from a set of length values, based on the digital data; and

extracting the inserted message,

wherein said extracting step includes a step of generating a key which

depends on an initial key and on an assumed length for the inserted message from the set of

length values.

5. (Previously Presented) A method according to Claim 4, wherein said step of extracting the length of the inserted message includes the steps of:

selecting the set of length values;

calculating a correlation value between the message and the digital data, for each of the length values; and

determining a local maximum among the correlation values.

- 6. (Previously Presented) A method according to Claim 4 or 5, wherein said step of extracting the length of the inserted message is carried out while processing F times fewer coefficients than included in the digital data.
- 7. (Previously Presented) A method according to Claim 6, further comprising the steps of:

determining a total number of coefficients to be considered;
selecting a maximum number of coefficients corresponding to a same
inserted symbol, and, if the total number of coefficients to be considered has not been
reached,

reiterating said selecting step, for another symbol.

8. (Previously Presented) A device for inserting a message into digital data representative of physical quantities, the message including ordered symbols, said device comprising:

means for segmenting the data into regions; and means for associating at least one region with each symbol to be inserted,

wherein said device further includes:

means for determining a pseudo-random function, for each region into which a symbol in question is to be inserted, from a key which depends on an initial key and on a length of the message, the dependence on the length of the message being provided either by a dependence on a number of times the symbol has been inserted into other regions or by a dependence on a ranking of the symbol among the ordered symbols, means for modulating the symbol in question by the previously determined pseudo-random function in order to supply a pseudo-random sequence, and means for adding the pseudo-random sequence to the region in question.

9. (Previously Presented) A device according to Claim 8, wherein said means for determining a pseudo-random function is configured in such a way that a dependence of the key on the length of the message is provided by a dependence of the key on:

the number of times the symbol to be inserted has already been inserted into other regions, and

the ranking of the symbol among the ordered symbols.

10. (Previously Presented) A device according to Claim 8 or 9, further comprising means for prior transformation of the digital data by a reversible transformation.

11. (Currently Amended) A device for extracting a message from digital data representative of physical quantities, the message including ordered symbols, said device comprising:

means for segmenting the data into regions;

means for extracting a length of [[the]] <u>an</u> inserted message, from a set of length values, based on the digital data; and

means for extracting the inserted message,

wherein said means for extracting includes means for generating a key
which depends on an initial key and on an assumed length for the inserted message from
the set of length values.

12. (Previously Presented) A device according to Claim 11, wherein said means for extracting the length of the inserted message includes:

means for selecting the set of length values,

means for calculating a correlation value between the message and the digital data, for each of the length values, and

means for determining a local maximum from among the correlation values.

13. (Previously Presented) A device according to Claim 11 or 12, wherein said means for extracting the length of the inserted message is configured to perform extraction while processing F times fewer coefficients than included in the digital data.

14. (Previously Presented) A device according to Claim 13, further comprising:

means for determining a total number of coefficients to be considered;

means for selecting a maximum number of coefficients corresponding to a
same inserted symbol; and

means for reiterating processing of said means for selecting, for another symbol, if the total number of coefficients to be considered has not been reached.

15. (Previously Presented) A device according to Claim 8, wherein said steps of segmenting and associating, and the steps of determining, modulating, and adding are performed by:

a microprocessor,

a read-only memory including a program for processing the data, and
a random-access memory including registers suitable for recording variables
modified during running of the program.

16. (Previously Presented) A device according to Claim 11, wherein said means for segmenting and said means for extracting are incorporated into:

a microprocessor,

a read-only memory including a program for processing the data, and
a random-access memory including registers suitable for recording variables
modified during running of the program.

- 17. (Previously Presented) An apparatus for processing a digital image, comprising means suitable for implementing the method according to any one of claims 1 and 4.
- 18. (Previously Presented) An apparatus for processing a digital image, comprising a device according to any one of claims 8 and 11.
- 19. (Previously Presented) A storage medium storing a computer-readable program for implementing a method for inserting according to Claim 1.
- 20. (Previously Presented) A storage medium according to Claim 19, wherein said storage medium is detachably mountable on a device for inserting a message that includes ordered symbols into digital data representative of physical quantities, and

wherein the device comprises:

means for segmenting the data into regions;

means for associating at least one region with each symbol to be inserted, said device further including:

means for determining a pseudo-random function, for each region into which a symbol in question is to be inserted, from a key which depends on an initial key and on a length of the message, the dependence on the length of the message being provided either by a dependence on a number of times the symbol has been inserted

into other regions or by a dependence on a ranking of the symbol among the ordered symbols,

means for modulating the symbol in question by the previously determined pseudo-random function in order to supply a pseudo-random sequence, and

means for adding the pseudo-random sequence to the region in question.

- 21. (Previously Presented) A storage medium according to Claim 19, wherein said storage medium is a floppy disk or a CD-ROM.
- 22. (Previously Presented) A computer program product embodying a computer program with executable instructions for causing a computer to perform a method of inserting according to Claim 1.
- 23. (Previously Presented) A storage medium storing a computer-readable program for implementing a method of extracting according to Claim 4.
- 24. (Previously Presented) A storage medium according to Claim 23, wherein said storage medium is detachably mountable on a device for extracting a message that includes ordered symbols from digital data representative of physical quantities, the device comprising:

means for segmenting the data into regions;

means for extracting a length of the inserted message, from a set of length values, based on the digital data; and

means for extracting the inserted message.

- 25. (Previously Presented) A storage medium according to Claim 23, wherein said storage medium is a floppy disk or a CD-ROM.
- 26. (Previously Presented) A computer program product embodying a computer program with executable instructions for causing a computer to perform a method for extracting according to Claim 4.